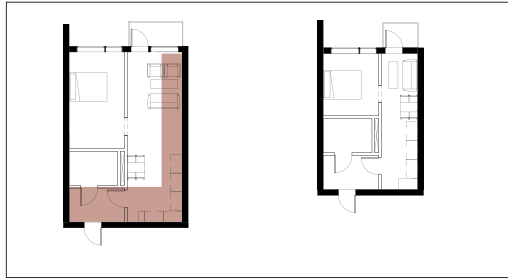## RELOCATING SPACE FROM THE APARTMENT TO SHARED SPACES

To avoid simply adding space and functions to try and create community, adding cost and the overall volume at the same time, space was relocated from the apartments. In Norway today, people often have an extra amount of space specifically for that once or twice a day we get people over for a special occasion. This space would therefore function better as shared spaces instead giving the residents the possibilities for even bigger gatherings those rare times, while at the same time giving the residents something in common.

A mix of LPO's proposal and examples of various projects being built in Oslo helped decide the sizes of the apartments and how much space would be relocated. For each size, 1 bedroom, 2 bedroom and 3 bedroom, the average size was found in projects being developed and then looked at how space could be removed from these. From this little exercise the small apartments contained in the project was made.
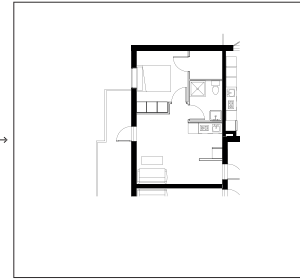
1 BEDROOM STUDY		SCALE 1:100

55 SQM — -20 SQM — 35 SQM

1 BEDROOM EXAMPLE FROM PROJECT	SCALE 1:100

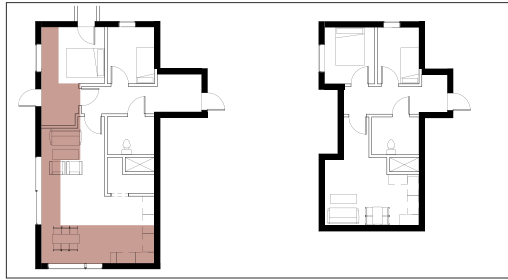35 SQM

These apartment types lost the most area as these small apartments are the likeliest to contain just one person, and therefore has the biggest need to be outside the apartment to socialise. Despite the small size, one bedroom has been kept rather than making it a studio as completely private space might be even more important because of the social intentions of this project. The living room and kitchen is minimal to provide the minimum, but to encourage use of the shared kitchen and other shared spaces.
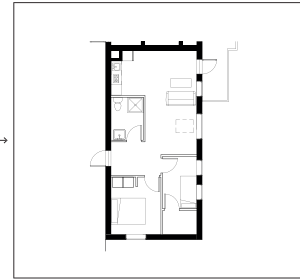
2 BEDROOM STUDY		SCALE 1:100

80 SQM — -30 SQM — 50 SQM

2 BEDROOM EXAMPLE FROM PROJECT	SCALE 1:100

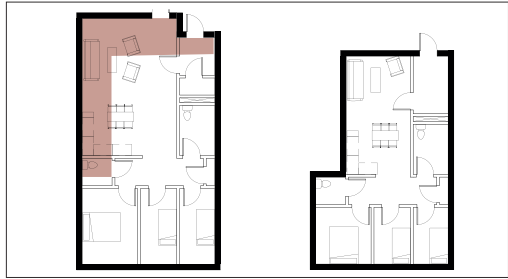50 SQM

The two bedroom apartments also lose a good percentage of their area, less than the one bedroom, as these are more likely to be inhabited by multiple individuals. Since there is less chance someone will live here alone they most likely will get some social interaction within their apartment. Because of this the 2 bedroom apartments have a little more living room space and enough space for the residents to eat together.
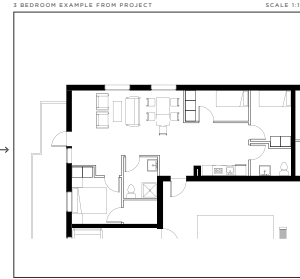
3 BEDROOM STUDY		SCALE 1:100

95 SQM — -25 SQM — 70 SQM

3 BEDROOM EXAMPLE FROM PROJECT	SCALE 1:100

70 SQM

The three bedroom apartments clearly lose the least percentage of area. As there probably will be a minimum of three individuals living in these apartments it means that they will have a network of social interactions starting inside the apartments. Because of this the living room is again bigger and with an extension to the dining table, everyone can eat together. However, with family and friends over it will still get tight so that also residents in these apartments is encouraged to use the common spaces.

840 SQM	300 SQM	430 SQM	90 SQM	120 SQM

The total space relocated from the apartments and divided between shared spaces in one of the 10 floor buildings as an example.

(20 instances in 10 floor building)

(5 instances in 10 floor building)

(2 instances in 10 floor building)

(1 instances in 10 floor building)

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